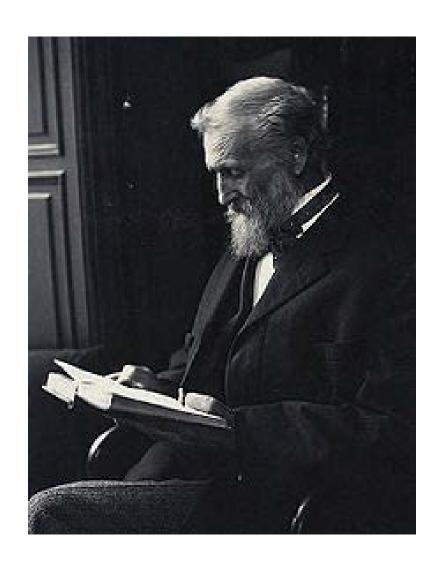
# Heroes, Disasters, and Solutions in Environmental Science

## Heroes



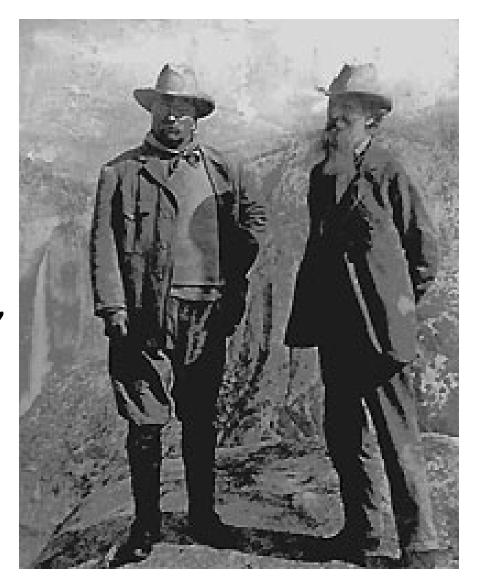
#### John Muir

- Petitioned to establish national parks and preserve wilderness
- First naturalist
- Founded the <u>Sierra</u>
   <u>Club</u>, an important conservation
   organization in the US



# Teddy Roosevelt

- Set up the US Forest
   Service
- Appointed <u>Pinchot</u> the first US Forest Service Chief (motto was Land used for human benefit, but not abused)



Yellowstone, Yosemite, Sequoia

First US National Parks

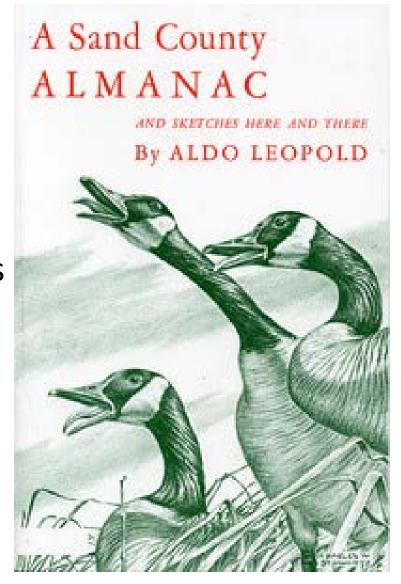
 Set aside natural space to preserve





#### Aldo Leopold Sand County Almanac

- Land ethic
- A responsible relationship between people and the land they inhabit
- "A thing is right when it tends to preserve the integrity, stability, and beauty of the biotic community. It is wrong when it tends otherwise."



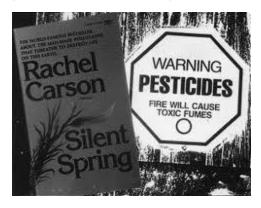
# Civilian Conservation Corps

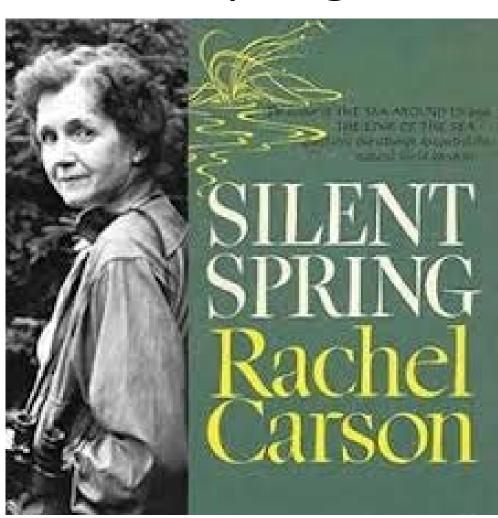
- Work Relief Program
- Built national park infrastructure (roads, trails, bridges, replanted forests)
- Greater appreciation for great outdoors



# Rachel Carson-Silent Spring

- Launched contemporary environmental movement
- Outlined effects of DDT in the food chain, particularly on birds

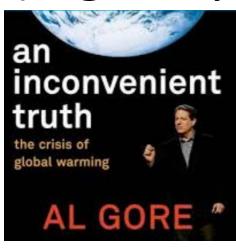




# Other Heroes (arguably)

- Al Gore: Brought Climate change into public discussion with "An Inconvenient Truth"
- Richard Nixon: Started the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)





- Protect human health and the environment
- Enforces federal environmental laws, writes regulations, and sets environmental standards for pollutants

#### Disasters

#### **Industrial Revolution**

- Machines do work
- Pollution (air, water)
- Deforestation
- Unlimited resource use
- Move away from nature



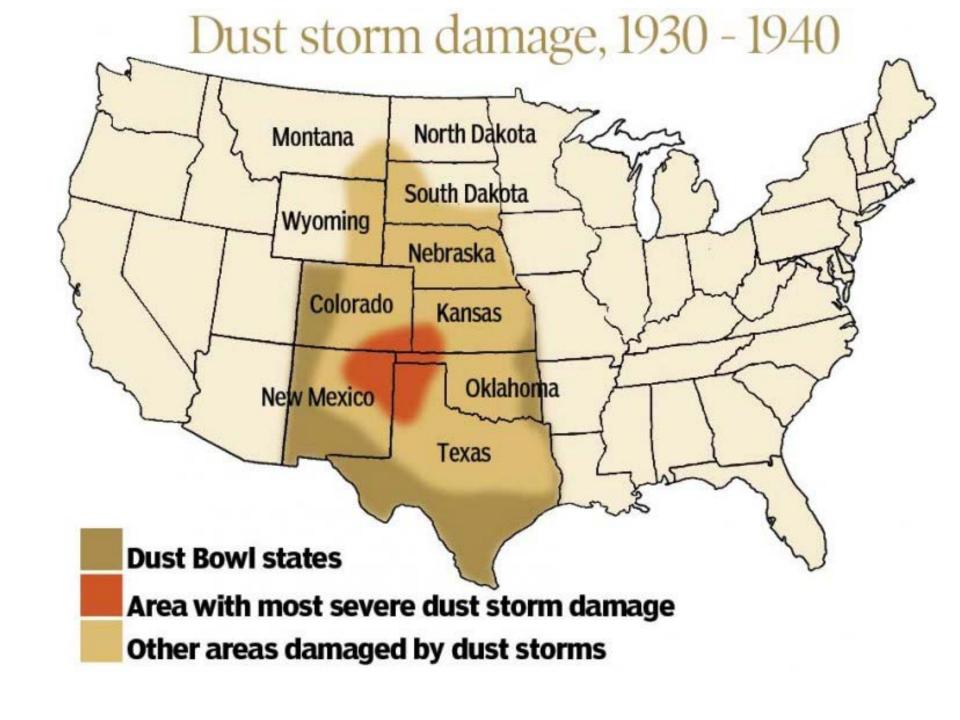
#### **Dust Bowl**

- Severe dust storms
   caused agricultural and
   ecological damage to
   great plains
- Poor agricultural techniques
- Massive erosion
- Many children died



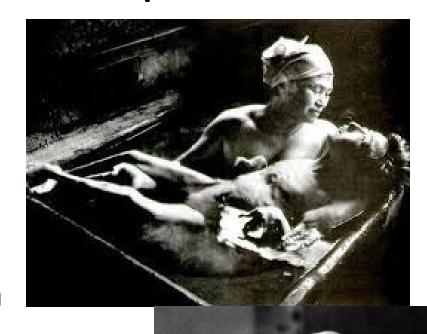






#### Minamata, Japan

- 1950's
- Chisso chemical company dumps waste into Minamata bay, including mercury
- Mercury accumulates in fish and causes nervous system damage, birth
  - defects, muscle convusions



#### Lake Erie

- Lake Erie became polluted from heavy industry
- Patches of lake were dead with runoff and sewage
- Weeds, algea, and trash fish outcompeted native fish





# Cuyahoga River

- Oil slicks from industry, debris, and sewage caused to burn
- At least 13 fires have been reported
- CUYAHOGA RIVER

• In Ohio



## OPEC oil embargo

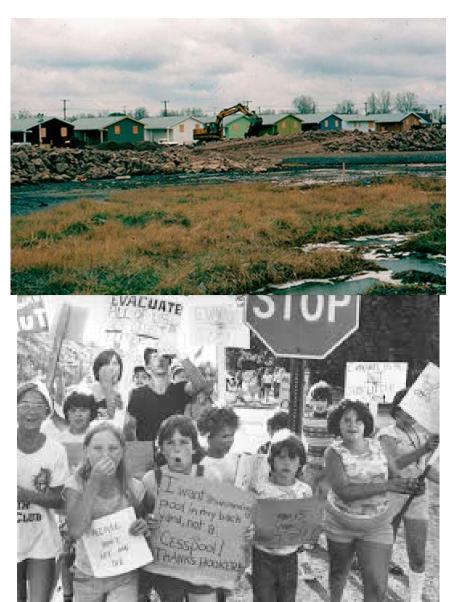
 OPEC countries stopped selling US oil because of our support of Isreal

 Gas rationing, stations ran out of gas, and there was an energy emergency



#### Love Canal, NY

- Hooker chemical company buried hazardous chemicals in a canal, sold to a developer for \$1.00.
- Schools and homes were built on top
- People got sick and sued
- CERCLA legislation created because of it



#### 3 mile island

- Partial nuclear meltdown
- 40 mile radioactive cloud
- Created nuclear safety concerns



# Bhopal, India

- Pesticide company had methoisocyanide explode (MIC)
- At least 10,000 and as many as 25,000 died

Ahmadābad

Marmagao'

This victim of the Bhopal disaster became

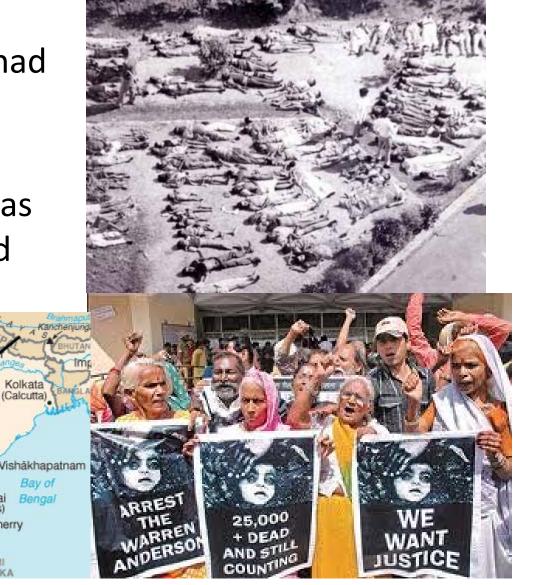
a symbol of the destructive power of MIC

Mumbai (Bombay) Nägpur

Chennai (Madras)

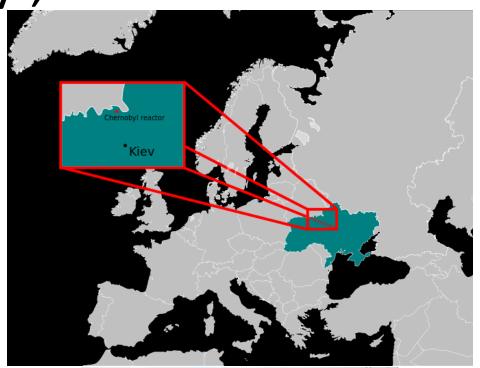
Pondicherry

Hyderábád



Chernobyl, Ukraine

- Nuclear disaster
- Explosion and fire sent radioactive particles over USSR and Europe
- City was evacuated and abandoned
- 31 reported deaths and countless illnesses
- Fueled fears of nuclear power plants





#### Exxon Valdez

- Oil spill in Alaska's prince william sound
- 750,000 barrels of oil
- Remote location made clean up difficult
- Exxon was slow to clean up
- Many animals effected including salmon, bald eagles, otters









# Deepwater Horizon/BP Oil Spill

- 2010
- Well leaked oil for 87 days under gulf of mexico
- Extensive damage to environment and human health
- BP took responsibility and paid for cleanup





# Fukashima, Japan

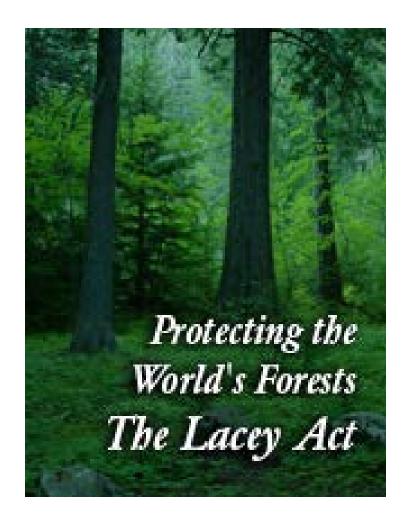
- 2011
- Nuclear power plant meltdown after tsunami
- Fallout in soil and water around the plant



#### **Laws and Treaties**

#### Lacey Act

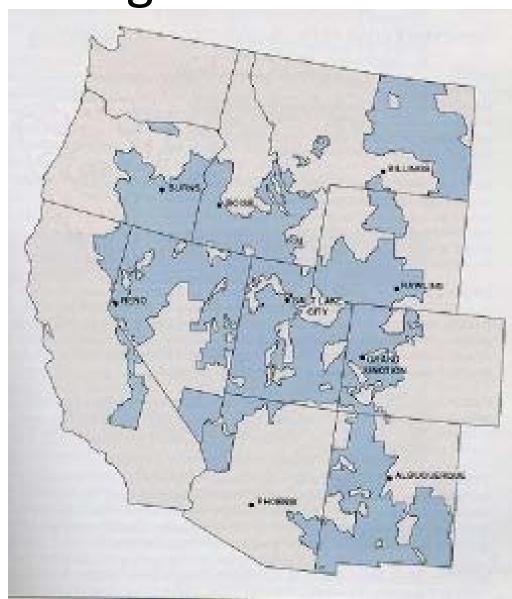
- Prohibits trade in wildlife, plants or fish that have been obtained illegally.
- Was initially enacted to protect birds in FL
- Most recent case was in 2009 against Gibson Guitars



# Taylor Grazing Act

- Intended to stop overgrazing in the mid west
- Requires grazers to purchase grazing permits.





# Migratory bird hunting stamp act

- Duck stamp act
- Bird hunters (or duck hunters) must purchase a valid hunting stamp or license



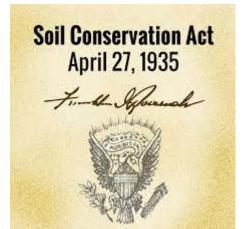


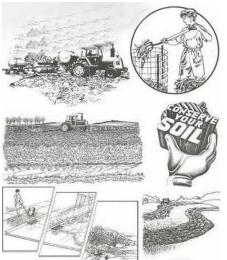


#### Soil Conservation Service

- Mission is to help farmers take better care of the land
- Name changed to "Natural Resources Conservation Service"

in 1994









# Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act

 Creation of the FDA to oversee the safety of food, drugs, and cosmetics







#### Price Anderson Act

- Limits liability of an nuclear power plants in the US
- Nuclear power plants would not be financially responsible for any claims over \$12.6 billion

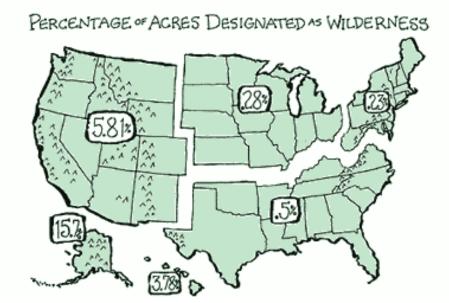




#### Wilderness Act

- Defined wilderness and protected 9.1 million acres
- National Wilderness
   Preservation System
- Roadless areas

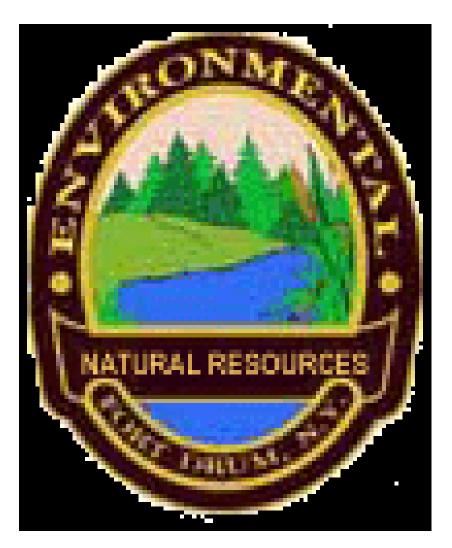






# **Environmental Policy Act**

- Promote and enhance environment
- Establish presidential council on environmental quality
- Construction must include and environmental impact statement



# Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

- Protect human health and the environment
- Enforces federal environmental laws, writes regulations, and sets environmental standards for pollutants



#### Clean Air Act

Sets standards for air

pollutants

THE CLEAN AIR ACT



## Endangered species act

- Preserves endangered species and their habitat above economic considerations
- Species that have a high risk of extinction



#### **FIFRA**

 Federal control of pesticide sale, distribution, and use

 Must be labeled with directions and will not cause unreasonable

harm to the environment



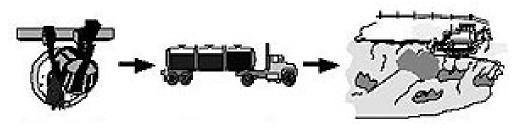


#### RCRA

 Requires manufacturers of hazardous waste to be responsible for it from "cradle to grave."



RCRA's Cradle-to-Grave
Hazardous Waste Management System

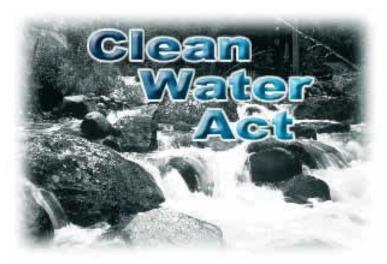


Hazardous Waste Generation Hazardous Waste Transportation Hazardous Waste Disposal



#### Clean Water Act

- After Cuyahoga river fire
- Goal is to make surface waters swimmable and fishable







# Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act

 Requires mining companies to reclaim land after mining it (put it back the way they found it)







#### Alaskan Lands Act

- 100 million acres designated wilderness area
- No resource extraction on these lands
- Controversial because of oil projected to be there



# CERCLA – Super fund

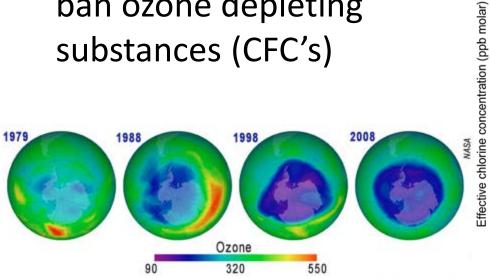
Liability for hazardous waste polluters

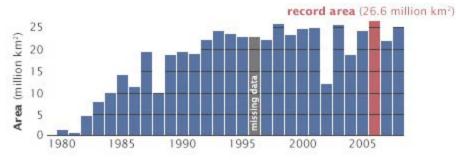
 Establishes a fund to clean up abandoned hazardous waste sites (named super fund sites)

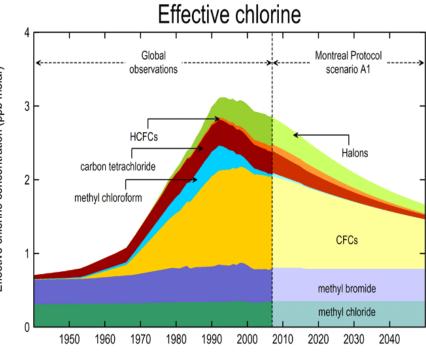


#### **Montreal Protocol**

 International treaty to ban ozone depleting substances (CFC's)







#### Desert protection act

 Establishes Death Valley and Joshua Tree
 National Parks

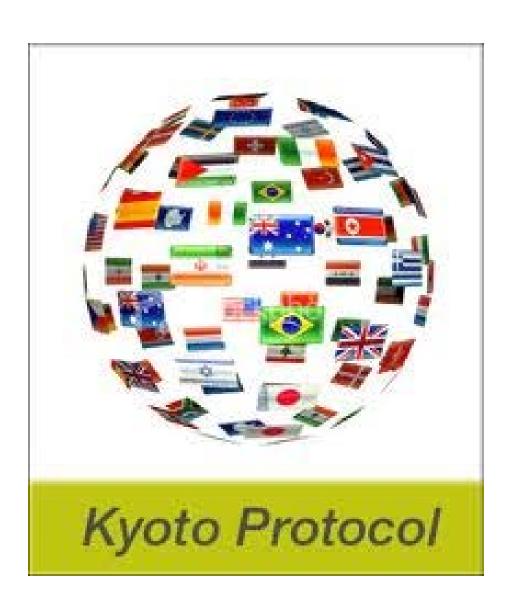
 Deserts recognized as valuable ecosystems.





### **Kyoto Protocol**

- International treaty
- Sets CO<sub>2</sub> emissions standards
- US did not join



# International Treaty of Persistent Organic Pollutants

- POP are toxic chemicals that adversely effect human health and the environment
- The "dirty dozen"

- PCB's, DDT, and dioxins are most commonly known
- Biomagnify in the food chain

